

<h1 style="margin: 0;">PCC MIX DESIGN SOFTWARE TUTORIAL</h1> <p style="text-align: right; margin-top: 20px;">Version 2.4.2</p>	<p>For help, comments, and/or suggestions, please contact:</p> <p>James M. Krstulovich, PE IDOT Bureau of Materials 126 East Ash Street Springfield, Illinois 62704 Phone: (217) 782-7200 email: DOT.PCCMIX@illinois.gov</p>
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!!! IMPORTANT !!! This spreadsheet utilizes macros. Depending on Excel's security settings, the macros may not be enabled. To change the macros settings for Excel, refer to the steps found at the end of this tutorial.

General

This spreadsheet is designed to calculate and report PCC mix designs for submittal to IDOT. The spreadsheet is comprised of data inputs based on the mix design methodology provided in the PCC Level III Technician course manual.

Buttons are provided for ease of navigation, and their use is recommended as they ensure proper operation throughout the design process. Using the worksheet tabs, found at the bottom of the Excel screen, will also work.

The blue-shaded areas are cells which require data input, green-shaded areas are optional (unless required by your District), and white cells are calculation fields, which are password protected from accidental overwriting.

Throughout the spreadsheet, comments have been interspersed to offer hints on where to find relevant information. To view comments, hold the cursor over the red tags found in the upper right hand corner of commented cells, as shown below. These comments generally refer to sections of the Course Manual; however, it should be noted that the Department's Standard Specifications and Special Provisions take precedence.

The screenshot shows the 'START' section of the software. It includes a 'Select Units of Measure' section with 'ENGLISH' selected. Below this is a table for inputting design information. The 'Mix Design No.' field has a red flag icon in its top right corner, which has been clicked to reveal a comment box. The comment box contains the text: 'Contractor/Producer designated mix design number.' The other fields in the table are 'IDOT Design No.', 'Date Created', and 'Concrete Code' (which has a dropdown menu showing '21605 - PCC Cement & Fly Ash').


Figure 1. Example of a comment; note red flag, which indicates the cell has a comment.

Tutorial Mix Design

This tutorial also includes notes for how to input the example mix design discussed in Section 2.8 of the Course Manual. If you follow the notes in order as they are presented herein, you should successfully create a basic PCC paving mix design while also being introduced to all of the spreadsheet's functions and capabilities.

Step 1. Design Information

The *Design Information* page is important to establish the who-what-where of the mix design. This is where the designer decides in which units of measure the mix will be designed, what type of concrete it is, for what Classes of concrete it is valid, and those responsible for the mix design.

START.		Select Units of Measure: <input checked="" type="radio"/> ENGLISH <input type="radio"/> METRIC	FIT TO SCREEN	Version 2.4.2	Enter IDOT Engineers below...
Step 1.	Mix Design No.	pmc0001pv	IMPORTANT: All worksheets are password protected. Cells highlighted BLUE or GREEN can accept data input. BLUE cells are mandatory; GREEN cells are optional.		Enockson
	IDOT Design No.	Not yet assigned			
	Date Created	01 09 2019			
	Concrete Code	21605 - PCC Cement & Fly Ash			
	Class (select up to 5)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PV-Pavement <input type="checkbox"/> BS-Bridge Super <input type="checkbox"/> SI-Structures <input type="checkbox"/> PP-Patching <input type="checkbox"/> DS-Drilled Shaft <input type="checkbox"/> PC-Precast <input type="checkbox"/> RR-Railroad <input type="checkbox"/> SC-Seal Coat <input type="checkbox"/> PS-Prestressed		Step 2. Enter Design Variables View Design Report (English units) View Design Report (metric units) View MISTIC Report	
	Responsible Location	91 - District 1	Step 3. Enter Aggregate Information Step 4. Enter Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures	 Illinois Department of Transportation For help, comments, and/or suggestions, please contact: James Krstulovich, P.E. Bureau of Materials Phone: (217) 782-7200 email: DOT.PCCMIX@Illinois.gov	
	Lab Type	PP - Producer Plant Site Lab			
	Company Name:	Pave Masters Co.			
	Location:	Chicago			
	Designer Name:	Smith			
	Phone:	555-555-5555			
	email:	jsmith@email.com			
	Mix Producer No.	1234-05			
	Name:	Everyman Redi-Mix Co.			
	IDOT Engineer	Enockson			
Contract No. (optional)					

Fit to Screen [button]: Click this button to optimize each page of the mix design spreadsheet for viewing on your screen.

English/Metric [toggle]: Toggle button for selecting the units of measure for the mix design's inputs. All data inputs will have to be entered in the chosen units of measure. However, the design will be reported in **both** units of measure on the different final mix design reports generated.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	Assuming most of us are more comfortable using English units of measure (lbs, yd ³ , etc.), the example mix design will be designed using English units. Click on the ENGLISH toggle button.
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Mix Design No.: Alphanumeric designation (up to nine characters in length). This is the Producer's or Contractor's self-designated mix design number; this is not the mix design number assigned by IDOT, see "IDOT Mix Design No." below.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	Because this is the Producer's or Contractor's mix design number, any reasonably succinct and unique identifier can be used here, as long as it is no more than nine characters long. For this example, we will use PMC0001PV (i.e., Pave Masters Co. paving mix #1).
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IDOT Mix Design No.: Nine character alphanumeric mix design number reported to the Department's MISTIC database. This number will be assigned by your District to an approved mix design.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	Because this mix design number is assigned by the District upon approval, this cell reads Not yet assigned .
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Date Created: The date the mix design was created.

Step 1. Design Information (continued)

Concrete Code: Select the appropriate material code. This code is used by the Department's MISTIC database to designate the type of concrete.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	Because this mix will utilize Type I portland cement and Class C fly ash, the appropriate Concrete Code to select from the drop-down list is 21605 .
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Class: Select up to five Classes of concrete.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	Because this mix will be used for a continuously reinforced portland cement concrete pavement, the appropriate Class to select is PV .
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Responsible Location: District responsible for mix design's use; for example, "91" for District 1.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	Select one of the nine IDOT Districts with which you typically work; for example, select 91 if you often work with District 1 in the Chicago area.
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Lab: Laboratory associated with the creation and/or testing of the design. For example: DI for district mix designs, or PP for producer mix designs. Contractors and Producers are to use "Producer" Lab codes. Consultants are to use "Independent" Lab codes.

Company Name: Name of laboratory responsible for creation and/or testing of mix design.

Location: Nearest municipality to Lab/Company.

Designer: Name, phone number, and email of person that created the design.

Mix Design Producer: MISTIC producer number and name of producer.

IDOT Engineer: This is the IDOT District representative to whom this mix design should be submitted for approval. Consult your District's Mixtures Control Engineer for more information. Use the yellow table to the right of the main input area to add names to the drop-down list.

Contract No.: (Optional) Either the five digit contract number, or if it is a local agency contract without a five digit number, then enter the MFT (Motor Fuel Tax) contract number.

Step 2. Design Variables

The *Design Variables* page is where the designer first begins to determine the mix design's parameters that factor into the mix design calculations.

FIT TO SCREEN		
2. Design Variables		
Batch Size	1.00	cubic yard
Cement Factor	5.35	cwt / cu yd
Mortar Factor	0.83	Typically 0.70 - 0.99
Target Air Content	6.5	%
Target Slump	1.50	in.

Determine Water Content:		<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. w/c Ratio Method	<input type="radio"/> B. Basic Water Req.
ignore >>>	n/a		
Enter W/C Ratio >	0.42		
ignore >>>			
ignore >>>			
		Water Adjustment Help	
Fineness Mod		(optional)	
Admixture	W - Water Reducer		
Fly Ash Class	C		

Return to Start. Design Information
Step 3. Enter Aggregate Information
Step 4. Enter Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures
View Design Report (English units)
View Design Report (metric units)
View MISTIC Report

Batch Size: Batch size in cubic yards (cubic meters). All mix designs are created per 1 yd³ (1 m³).

Cement Factor: Cement quantity in hundredweight per cubic yard (kilograms per cubic meter).

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	From Table 2.2.1 in the Course Manual, the cement factor for Class PV concrete from a central mixed plant is 5.65 cwt/yd³ . Also, from Section 2.2.2, a cement factor reduction of 0.30 cwt/yd³ can be applied because a water-reducing admixture will be used. Thus, the final, adjusted cement factor is reduced to 5.35 cwt/yd³ .
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Mortar Factor: Refer to Table 2.7.2.2 *Design Mortar Factor* in the Course Manual.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	From Table 2.7.2.2 in the Course Manual, a mortar factor can be selected for Class PV concrete. Enter 0.83 as a reasonable starting point.
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Target Air Content: Percentage of entrained air in the concrete to improve durability. Refer to Table 2.6 *Air Content* in the Course Manual.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	From Table 2.6 in the Course Manual, the midpoint of the air content range for Class PV concrete is 6.5% .
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Target Slump: Enter the target slump in inches (mm). Refer to Table 7.1 *Slump* in the Course Manual.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	From Table 7.1 in the Course Manual, the slump range for Class PV concrete is 2 to 4 inches, except when slipformed, it is 1/2 to 2 1/2 inches (Table 7.1, Note 1). As noted in Section 7.1, experience has shown that a slump of 1/2 to 1-1/2 inches at the paver is typical for slipformed pavement construction, but many Contractors desire 1-1/2 inches to obtain a smooth pavement. Enter 1.5 inches .
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Step 2. Design Variables (continued)**Determine Water Content**

First, using the toggle switch, select either the *w/c Ratio Method* or the *Basic Water Requirement Method*.

The *w/c Ratio Method* will determine water content based on the w/c ratio entered and the total content of cement and finely divided minerals. No water adjustment needs to be entered as it will be back-calculated based on the w/c ratio and assumed aggregate water requirements (see Note).

Alternatively, the *Basic Water Requirement* method requires the fine and coarse aggregate water requirements, as well as percent water reduction. Refer to Appendix Q *Basic and Adjusted Water Requirement Method* in the Course Manual for more information. **See next page for when using the Basic Water Requirement method.**

Note: Because the Department's original method for determining water content used the *Basic Water Requirement* Method, its MISTIC database requires data related to the basic water requirement method. Thus, when the "w/c Ratio Method" is selected, the spreadsheet will provide 'dummy' values in the design reports assuming a Type B fine aggregate with basic water requirement of 5.3 gal/cwt (0.44 L/kg).

If the W/C Ratio Method has been selected:

Determine Water Content:		<input checked="" type="radio"/> A. w/c Ratio Method	<input type="radio"/> B. Basic Water Req.
ignore >>>	n/a		
Enter W/C Ratio >	0.42		
ignore >>>			
ignore >>>		Water Adjustment Help	
Fineness Mod		(optional)	
Admixture	W - Water Reducer		
Fly Ash Class	C		

Enter W/C Ratio: When *w/c Ratio Method* is toggled, this field appears. Enter the target w/c ratio that the design water content will be based on; for example, 0.42.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

In this example, per **Table 2.5** in the Course Manual, the maximum w/c for Class PV concrete is **0.42**.

Fineness Mod: (Optional) Fineness modulus of the fine aggregate; for example, 2.36. Fineness modulus is for informational purposes only; fineness modulus does not factor into proportioning calculations.

Admixture: Choose an admixture type: "W – water reducer," "S – superplasticizer," or "R – retarder."

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Because this mix will utilize a water-reducing admixture to meet the water/cement ratio requirement, select **W – Water Reducer** from the drop-down list.

Fly Ash Class: Choose the class of fly ash used in the mix design, if applicable.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Because this mix will utilize Class C fly ash, select **C** from the drop-down list. If this example did not utilize any fly ash, you would select "n/a".

Step 2. Design Variables (continued)

If the Basic Water Requirement Method has been selected:

Determine Water Content:		<input type="radio"/> A. w/c Ratio Method	<input checked="" type="radio"/> B. Basic Water Req.
FA Type	"B" Combination of rounded and angular particle ▼		
FA Water Req.	5.3	gal/cwt	
CA Water Req.	0.2	gal/cwt	
Water Reduction	5.0	%	Water Adjustment Help
Fineness Mod	(optional)		
Admixture	W - Water Reducer ▼		
Fly Ash Class	C ▼		

FA Type: Select fine aggregate type.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Assume this mix will utilize a Type "B" fine aggregate, select **B** from the drop-down list.

FA Water Req.: Water requirement for fine aggregate in gallons per hundredweight (liters per kilogram) of cement and finely divided minerals. This value is based on the type of fine aggregate.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Assuming this mix will utilize a Type "B" fine aggregate, enter **5.3 gal/cwt**.

CA Water Req.: Water requirement for coarse aggregate in gallons per hundredweight (liters per kilogram) of cement and finely divided minerals material. This value is based on the type of coarse aggregate.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Because this mix will utilize a crushed stone, enter **0.2 gal/cwt**.

Water Reduction: Percentage of water adjustment (typically a reduction) accounting for various factors, such as admixture use, cement and finely divided mineral content, air content, etc. Note that because this input is referred to as a "reduction," the value entered may seem counter-intuitive; that is, a water reduction should be entered as a positive value, while a water addition should be entered as a negative value. For example, enter "10.0" for a 10 percent water reduction, and enter "-10.0" for a 10 percent water addition.

For help determining a reasonable water adjustment, refer to Appendix Q *Basic and Adjusted Water Requirement Method* in the Course Manual.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Because this mix will utilize a water-reducing admixture to provide a target water reduction of 10%, enter **10.0**.

Note: If for some reason this mix needed a 10 percent water addition, you would have entered -10.0.

Step 3. Aggregate Information

The Aggregate Information worksheet is where the designer enters all fine and coarse aggregate information. Note that although up to six aggregate materials can be accommodated by this spreadsheet, the Department's MISTIC database only allows a total of six materials, including cement and finely divided minerals. For example, four aggregates, one cement, and one finely divided mineral (e.g., fly ash); or three aggregates, one cement, and two finely divided minerals (e.g., fly ash and microsilica).

FIT TO SCREEN

3. Aggregate Information

	Material Code	Producer Number	Ledge Number	Producer Name	SSD Sp. Gravity	% Blend	Moisture (%)
1	027fa01	54321-01		little rocks co.	2.660	100.0	
2	022ca07	12345-05		big rock co.	2.680	100.0	
3							
4							
5							
6							

3a. Voids in Coarse Aggregate

Refer to Illinois Test Procedure 306

☐ Calculated
 ☒ User-Defined

Coarse Aggregate	% Absorption	Oven-Dry Sp. Gravity

Net Weight of Aggregate lb.

Volume of Measure cu. ft

SSD Sp. G

% Absorption %

Oven-Dry Sp. G

Unit Weight lb/cu. ft

User-defined: Enter voids, V = 0.39 <<<

Calculated:

Volume of Voids per Unit Volume of Oven-Dry Rodded Coarse Aggregate V = see above

Calibration of Measure:

Weight of Water to fill Measure lb.

Temperature of Water F

Calibrated Volume of Measure cu. ft

Return to Start.
Design Information

Return to Step 2.
Design Variables

Step 4.
Enter Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures Info

View Report (English)

View Report (metric)

View MISTIC Report

Material:

Aggregate material codes. Coarse and fine aggregates may be entered in any order, except as required by your District. For more information regarding aggregate material codes, refer to form BMPR MI504 "Field/Lab Gradations".

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

- Fine aggregate: Enter **027FA01** as given in the Course Manual. This material code is for an "A" quality natural sand meeting the gradation criteria for FA 1 per Article 1003.01(c).
- Coarse aggregate: Enter **022CA07** as given in the Course Manual. This material code is for an "A" quality crushed stone meeting the gradation criteria for CA 7 per Article 1004.01(c).

Producer Number:

Aggregate producer number. This field is required for all aggregate components.

Producer Name:

Aggregate producer name.

Specific Gravity:

Saturated Surface Dry (SSD) specific gravity of each aggregate.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

The example problem as given in the Course Manual indicates that the saturated surface-dry specific gravities for the fine and coarse aggregate components are **2.66** and **2.68**, respectively.

Step 4. Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures Information

This worksheet is where the designer enters all information pertaining to cement and finely divided minerals, as well as chemical admixtures (e.g., air-entraining water-reducing admixtures, etc.).

FIT TO SCREEN						
4. Cement and Finely Divided Minerals Information						
Material Code	Producer Number	Producer Name	Specific Gravity	Percent Blend	Replacement Ratio	
1 37601 Type I, Portland	▼		3.150	75.0		Return to Start. Design Information Return to Step 2. Design Variables Return to Step 3. Aggregate Information
2 37801 Fly Ash Class C	▼	555-05 City Electric Co.	2.610	25.0		
3 Select Slag...	▼					
4 Select Other FDM...	▼					
100%						
5. Admixture Information						
Material Code	Admixture Type (ASTM C 494)	Product Name	Remarks (e.g. dosage rate)			
1 42000	AEA - Air Entraining	▼ Air Plus X		Report (English) Report (metric) MISTIC Report		
2 43000	A - Water Reducer	▼ Water Reducto 2000				
3	n/a	▼				
4	n/a	▼				
6. General Remarks			Latex Admixture Information			
1 ASR Mix Option 2, 25% fly ash			Batch Dosage		gal/cu yd	
2			Specific Gravity			
			% Solids		%	

Material: Cement and finely divided mineral (FDM) material codes. Each line is dedicated to a specific material: Line 1 for cement, Line 2 for fly ash, Line 3 for GGBF slag, and Line 4 for miscellaneous (e.g., microsilica, high-reactivity metakaolin, etc.).

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	<p>Because this mix will utilize a Type I cement and Class C fly ash, Lines 1 and 2 will be used.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cement: Because this mix is utilizing a Type I cement, select 37601 Type I, Portland from the drop-down list. Fly ash: Because this mix is utilizing a Class C fly ash, select 37801 Fly Ash Class C from the drop-down list.
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Producer Number: Material producer number. This field is required for all finely divided minerals.

Producer Name: Material producer name.

Specific Gravity: Specific gravity of each material. The specific gravity of cement is normally assumed to be 3.15. However, for a blended cement, this value should be verified with the District. Specific gravity values for finely divided minerals can be obtained from the Qualified Producer List of Finely Divided Minerals.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM	<p>The example problem as given in the Course Manual notes that the specific gravity for the fly ash component is 2.61.</p> <p>Although no specific gravity is given for the cement component, from Section 2.3 in the Course Manual, the specific gravity of cement is normally assumed to be 3.15.</p>
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Step 4. Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures Information (continued)

Percent Blend: The blend percentage must be entered for each material, totaling 100. For example, when blending fly ash and cement at 20 and 80 percent, respectively, enter "20" for the fly ash and "80" for the cement.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

First, we have to determine if we need to mitigate for alkali-silica reaction (ASR):

From Section 2.4.3 in the Course Manual, it is determined that the component aggregates are **Group II** (fine aggregate expansion in the **>0.16% - 0.27%** range and coarse aggregate expansion **≤0.16%**). Thus, we are required to use Mix Option 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5.

Because the example problem as given notes that the mix will utilize a cement with alkali content **>0.60%** and a Class C fly ash, we will use **Mix Option 2**.

Mix Option 2 requires a minimum 25.0 percent Class C fly ash.

Furthermore, from Section 2.4.1.1 in the Course Manual, the Class C fly ash component can replace up to 30 percent of the cement.

Thus, it is decided to use **25 percent** fly ash since a larger replacement would reduce the portland cement content below 400 lb/yd³. Because the total Percent Blend must equal 100, enter **75.0** for the cement and **25.0** for the fly ash.

Replacement Ratio: (Optional) Enter the replacement ratio for each finely divided mineral, if applicable. If left blank, the default value of "1.00" will be used.

Step 5. Admixtures Information

Material Code: Enter admixture material codes here. The 5-digit material code for admixtures can be found on the Approved/Qualified Product List of Concrete Admixtures.

Admixture Type: Choose admixture type.

Admixture Name: Enter admixture product name here.

Remarks: Enter key information regarding proposed dosage rates, dosing procedures, etc.

Step 6. General Mixture Remarks

Remarks: Enter any pertinent information not already covered. When required to mitigate for alkali-silica reaction (ASR), indicate the mixture option selected.

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

Because we are required to mitigate for alkali-silica reaction, we must indicate the mixture option selected.

Enter **ASR Mix Option 2, 25% fly ash**.

Latex Admixture Information (only required for mix designs using a latex admixture)

Batch Dosage: Enter latex admixture dosage in terms of gallons per cubic yard (liters per cubic meter).

Specific Gravity: Enter manufacturer's specific gravity for the latex admixture.

% Solids: Enter manufacturer's percent solids for the latex admixture.

Given the inputs, the mix design proportions are calculated and reported. Three design reports are generated: one in English units of measure, one in metric (SI), and one formatted per the Department's MISTIC database requirements. Please consult your District for which report(s) to submit for approval.

Version 2.4.2

		PCC MIX DESIGN										Version 2.4.2		
		DDT03110												
Print English Report	IDOT MIX #:	Not Assigned	MATERIAL:	21605	CONCRETE PC FLYASH					EFFECTIVE: _____				
	CONTR MIX #:	PMC0001PV	CLASS:	PV										
	RESP: 91	DISTRICT 1	LAB: PP	Producer Plant Site					REVIEWED BY: _____					
View metric Report	BATCH	H2O%	FINE	%	(Z)	MORTAR	{TYPE}	{GAL/CWT}	{ABS. VOL}					
	CU YD	ADJ	RED	MOD	AIR	VOIDS	CEMENT	FACTOR	ASH	CA	CA,B	FA,A		
View MISTIC Report	1.00	W	5.0		6.5	.39	5.35	0.83	C	B	5.30	0.00	0.4236	0.2690
Design Information	MATERIAL	PROD NO	PROD NAME		SP G	% BLEND	%MOIST / REPL	[LBS / CU YD]	[KG / CU M]					
Design Variables	027FA01	54321-01	LITTLE ROCKS CO.		2.660	100.0	0.00	1205	1205	718				
	022CA07	12345-05	BIG ROCK CO.		2.680	100.0	0.00	1912	1912	1135				
Aggregate Information														
Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures	37601				3.150	75.0	1.00	405	405	240				
	37801	555-05	CITY ELECTRIC CO.		2.610	25.0	1.00	135	135	80				
								ADJ. H2O (gal : lbs)	27.3	227	135			
{FA + CA} MIX-H2O: [5.30]								W/C RATIO: [0.42]	TOTAL BATCH WT (lbs)	3884	2308			
								THEO. H2O (gal : lbs)	27.2	227				
PRODUCER: 1234-05 PROD NAME: EVERYMAN REDI-MIX CO. REMARKS: _____ CONTRACT REMARKS: _____														
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Lab: PAVE MASTERS CO. Location: CHICAGO Designer: SMITH Created: 01/09/19 Target Slump (in.) 1.5														
Adx(s):	Matl	Type	Product	Remarks										
	Code	AEA	AIR PLUS X											
	42000	A	WATER REDUCTO 2000											
	43000													
Designer Phone: 555-555-5555 Designer email: jsmith@email.com Cc: ENOCKSON														

Version 2.4.2

DTT03110

PCC MIX DESIGN

Version 2.4.2

Print metric Report

View English Report

View MISTIC Report

Design Information

Design Variables

Aggregate Information

Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures

IDOT MIX #: **Not Assigned**

CONTR MIX #: **PMC0001PV**

RESP: **91**

MATERIAL: **21605M**

CLASS: **PV**

LAB: **PP**

CONCRETE PC FLYASH

Producer Plant Site

EFFECTIVE: _____

REVIEWED BY: _____

BATCH	H2O%	FINE	%	(Z)	MORTAR	{TYPE}	{L / KG}	{ABS. VOL}
CU M	ADJ	RED	MOD	AIR	VOIDS	CEMENT	FACTOR	ASH
CU M	ADJ	RED	MOD	AIR	VOIDS	CEMENT	FACTOR	ASH
1.00	W	5.0		6.5	.39	320	0.83	C
								B
								0.4420
								0.0000
								0.4236
								0.2700

MATERIAL	PROD NO	PROD NAME	SP G	% BLEND	%MOIST /	[KG / CU M]	[LBS / CU YD]
					REPL	SSD	ADJ
027FAM01	54321-01	LITTLE ROCKS CO.	2.660	100.0	0.00	718	718
022CAM07	12345-05	BIG ROCK CO.	2.680	100.0	0.00	1135	1135
37601M			3.150	75.0	1.00	240	240
37801M	555-05	CITY ELECTRIC CO.	2.610	25.0	1.00	80	80

{FA + CA} MIX-H2O: 0.4420

W/C RATIO: 0.42

ADJ. H2O (L : kg) 134.4

TOTAL BATCH WT (kg) 2308

THEO. H2O (kg : lbs) 134.4

226

TOTAL CEMENTITIOUS MATL: 320

PRODUCER: 1234-05

REMARKS:

REMARKS:

PROD NAME: EVERYMAN REDI-MIX CO.

CONTRACT

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Lab: PAVE MASTERS CO.

Location: CHICAGO

Slump (mm) 38.1

Designer: SMITH

Created: 01/09/19

Adx(s):	Code	Type	Product	Remarks
	42000	AEA	AIR PLUS X	
	43000	A	WATER REDUCTO 2000	

Designer Phone: 555-555-5555

Designer email: jsmith@email.com

Cc: ENOCKSON

Printed 1/11/2019

MISTIC DESIGN REPORT

PCC DESIGN MIX														
Print MISTIC Report	PCC MIX #:				MATERIAL: 21605M					DATE: (mmddyy)				
	REF DESIGN #:		PMC0001PV		CLASS: PV					LAST YR USED: TERM:				
	RESP: 91		DISTRICT 1		LAB: PP					REVIEWED BY: DFLAG:				
View English Report	MIX PROD:		1234-05		EVERYMAN REDI-MIX CO.					CONTRACT:				
	BATCH		H2O% FINE		% (Z) MORTAR					{TYPE} {H2O L/kg} {ABS. VOL}				
View metric Report	CU m		ADX		RED		MOD		AIR		VOIDS		CEMENT	
	1.0		W		6.0				6.5		.37		320	
Design Information														
Design Variables														
Aggregate Information														
Finely Divided Minerals & Admixtures														
MATERIAL PROD NO PROD NAME SP G Z RATIO REPL SSD ADJ CU YD 027FAM01 54321-01 LITTLE ROCKS CO. 2.660 100.0 0.00 700 700 1178 020CAM07 12345-05 BIG ROCK CO. 2.680 100.0 0.00 1156 1156 1947														
37801M 555-05 CITY ELECTRIC CO. 2.610 25.0 1.00 80 80 135 37601M 3.150 75.0 1.00 240 240 405 {CA + FA} {RATIOS} ADJ H2O (kg:LBS) 133 224 MIX-H2O: 0.4420 ASH/CMT WT: 33.3 TOTAL BATCH WT (kg:LBS) 2309 3890 RED MIX H2O: 0.4155 TOTAL CEMENTITIOUS MATL: 320 THEO. WATER (kg:LBS) 133 224 REMARKS: ASR Mix Option 2, 25% fly ash THEO H2O (GAL) 26.9 REMARKS: ADJ H2O (GAL) 26.9 Cc: ENOCKSON Designed By: SMITH Phone: 555-555-5555 W/C Ratio: 0.42 email: jsmith@email.com														

Note: The MISTIC Report has three input fields *to be completed upon receiving approval from the District.*

Additionally, there is a tab for help determining the percent water adjustment taking into account various factors. However, this table is for informational purposes only. The water adjustment calculated using this table is not referenced by any of the spreadsheet's mix design calculations. To use the water adjustment calculated using this table, **the value must be entered on the Design Variable tab.**

FIT TO SCREEN			Return to Design Variables	
<p>There are many factors that can be taken into account when determining a mix's water requirement. The table below allows you to estimate the percentage of water adjustment (typically a reduction) based on the mix's constituent materials. IMPORTANT: This table is for informational purposes only. The water adjustment calculated here is not referenced by any mix design calculations. To use the water adjustment calculated here, it must be entered on the Design Variables tab.</p>				
Water Adjustment		Suggested Range	Adjustment Percentage	
Combined aggregate grading:				
Well-graded		(-10 to 0%)		
Gap-graded		(0 to +10%)		
Admixture(s):				
Air entraining admixture 1 to 3% air content		(0%)		
Minimum air content specified: 4 to 5% air content		(-5%)		
6 to 10% air content		(-10%)		
Normal water-reducing admixture		(-10 to -5%)		
Mid-range water-reducing admixture		(-15 to -8%)		
High range water-reducing admixture (Note 1)		(-30 to -12%)		
Finely Divided Minerals:				
Fly Ash (Note 2)		(-10 to 0%)		
Microsilica		(0 to +15%)		
High-Reactivity Metakaolin (HRM)		(-5 to +5%)		
Ground Granulated Blast Furnace (GGBF) Slag		(0%)		
Other factors:				
Coarse cement, water/cement ratio > 0.45, and concrete temperature < 60 °F (27 °C)		(-10 to 0%)		
Fine cement, water/cement ratio < 0.40, and concrete temperature > 80 °F (27 °C)		(0 to +10%)		
Cumulative Adjustment (%)			0	
Reference: Appendix Q, Table 1.2 "Adjustment to Basic Water Requirement" in the PCC Level III Technician Course Manual.			0 %	

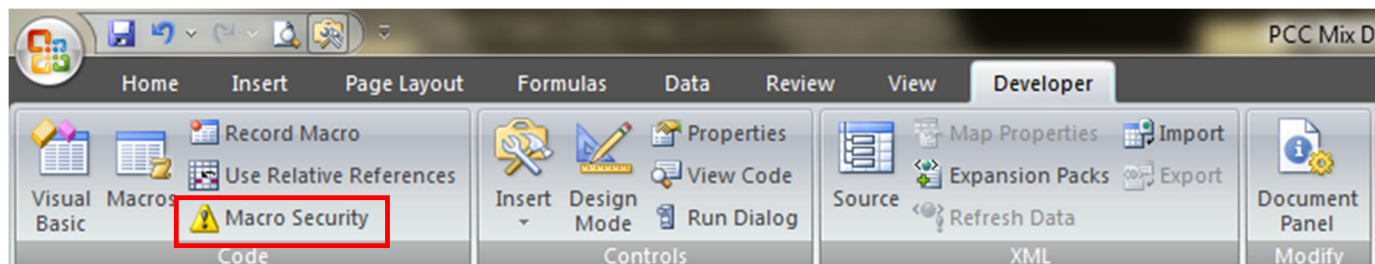
Note 1: A polycarboxylate superplasticizer may reduce the water content up to 40%.

Note 2: For each 10% of fly ash, it is recommended to allow a water reduction of at least 3%.

Changing Macro Security Settings in Microsoft Excel

Note: Any macro settings changes you make in Excel apply only to Excel and do not affect any other Office program.

To change the macro security settings in Excel 2007/2010/2013/2016:



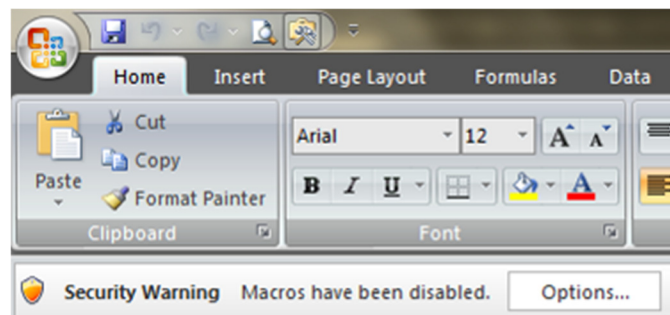
1. On the **Developer** tab*, in the **Code** group, click **Macro Security**.
2. In the **Macro Settings** category, under **Macro Settings**, click the 2nd option to **Disable all macros with notification**.

This option initially disables macros, but alerts you if macros are present. This way, you can choose when to enable the macros on a case by case basis.

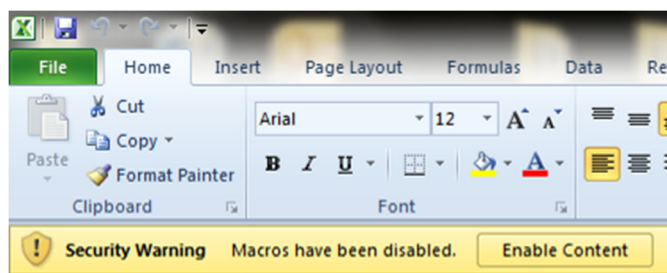
3. Now, close Excel, and re-open the PCC Mix Design spreadsheet.

You should now get a **Security Warning** (below), click the **Options** button, then click to **Enable this content**, and finally click **OK** to close the window.

Office 2007




Office 2010



* If the Developer tab is not displayed, follow these instruction:

For Excel 2007:

1. Click the **Microsoft Office Button** 
2. Click **Excel Options** (bottom right corner)
3. In the **Popular** category, under **Top options for working with Excel**, click **Show Developer tab in the Ribbon**.

For Excel 2010:

1. Click the **File** tab, click **Options**, and then click the **Customize Ribbon** category.
2. In the **Main Tabs** list, check the **Developer**, and then click **OK**.
3. Click any other tab to return to your file.

To change the macro security settings in Excel 2013 and later:

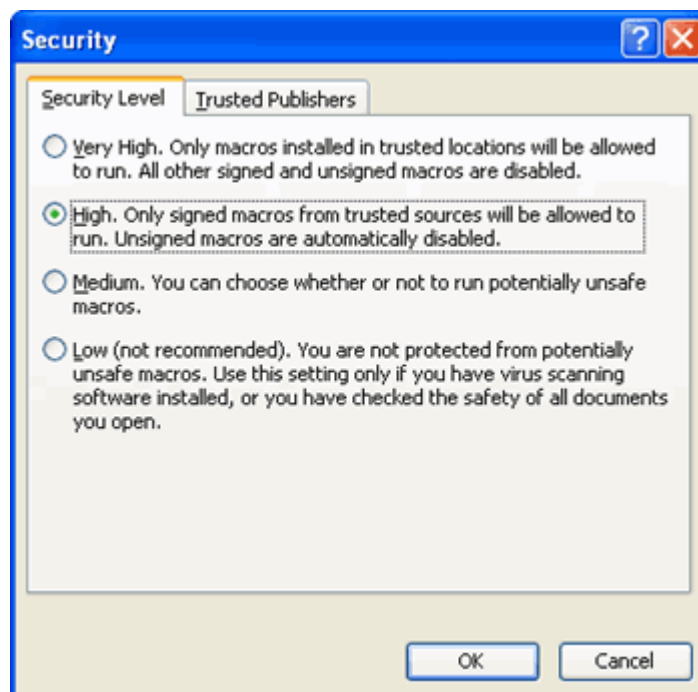


When you open a file that has macros, a **Security Warning** (similar to the above) appears and an **Enable Content** button: click **Enable Content**. The file opens and is a trusted document.

Changing Macro Security Settings in Microsoft Excel (continued)

Older versions of Excel:

1. To access the macro security settings in older version of Excel, go to the **Tools** menu, **Options**, **Security** tab, and click on the **Macro Security** button. The **Security** window will open as shown:



2. Click on **Medium**, then click **OK**, and close Excel.
3. Re-open the PCC Mix Design spreadsheet. At **Medium**, whenever you open a file that has macros, a **Security Warning** (below) appears: click **Enable Macros**. The file opens and is a trusted document.

